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ixaris

Valour - An Industrial RV Tool for Transaction Systems

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University of Malta

In collaboration with Ixaris Ltd, funded by the European Union's
Horizon 2020 programme, under grant number 666363

One morning...

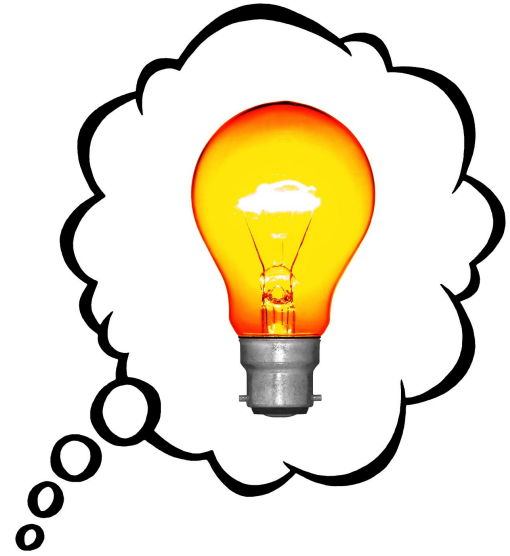
You wake up with a great idea...



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A mobile app which gives users complete visibility of their **money spending habits**

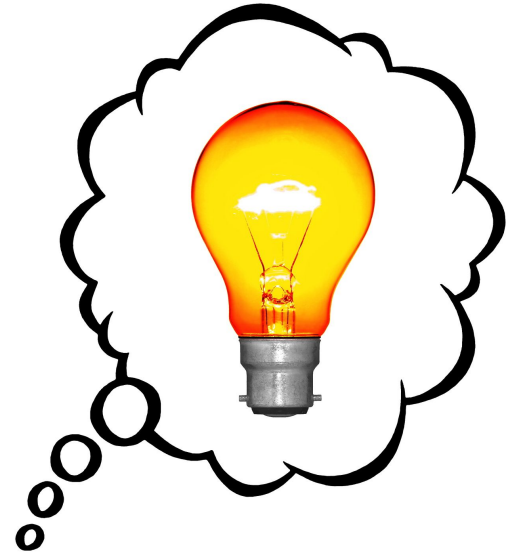


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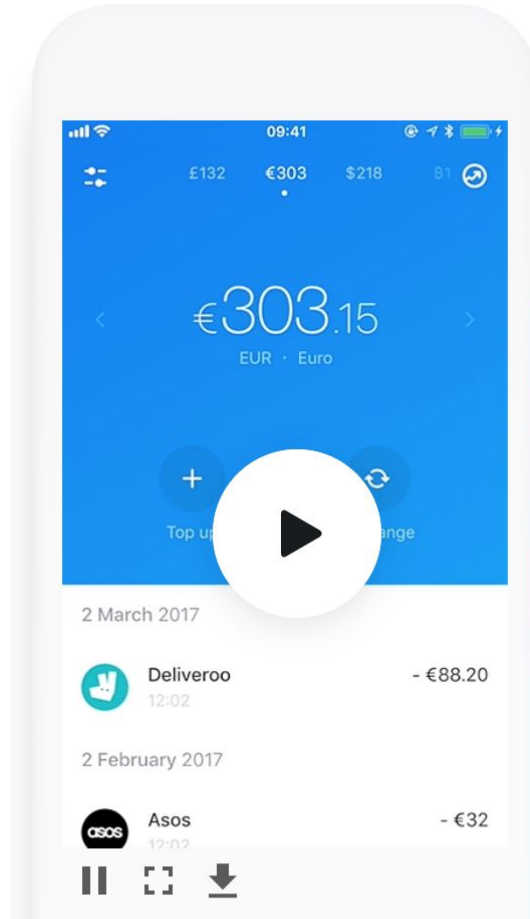
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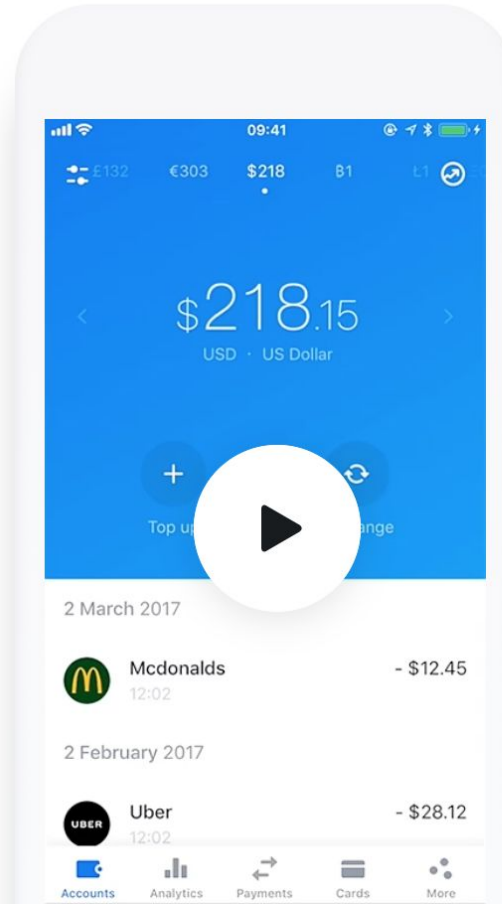
It allows them to **budget their salary**,
save every month, ...



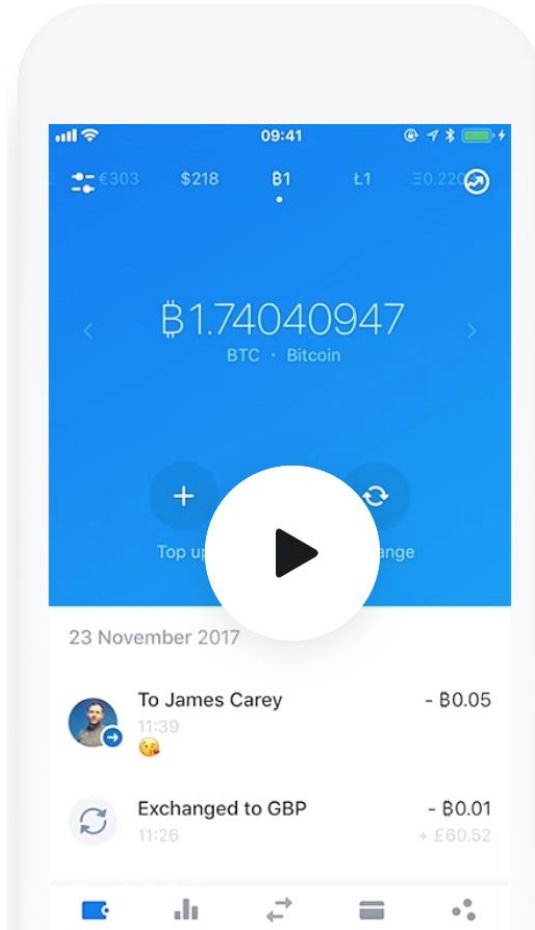
You start imagining how it would look...



You start imagining how it would look...



You start imagining how it would look...



There is just one problem...

You need a **bank license!**



Payment programme setup costs

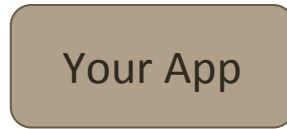
- Implementing card processes
- Agreement with bank
- Compliance to legislation
- Auditing
- Dispute resolution
- ...

Building a payment application

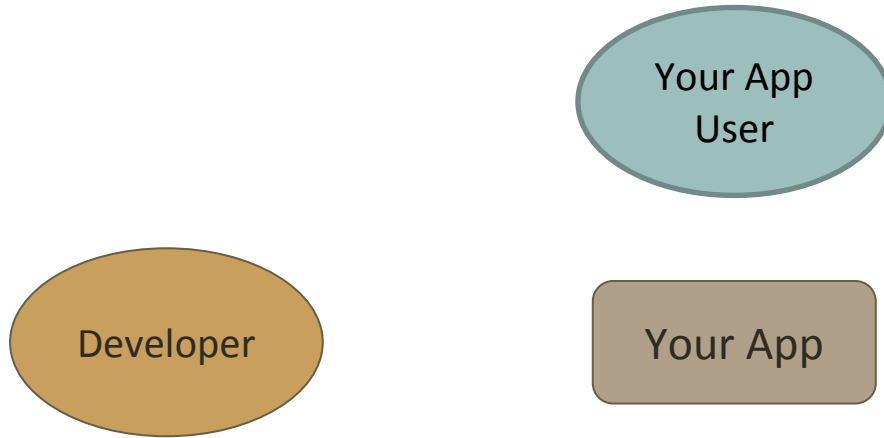


Your App
User

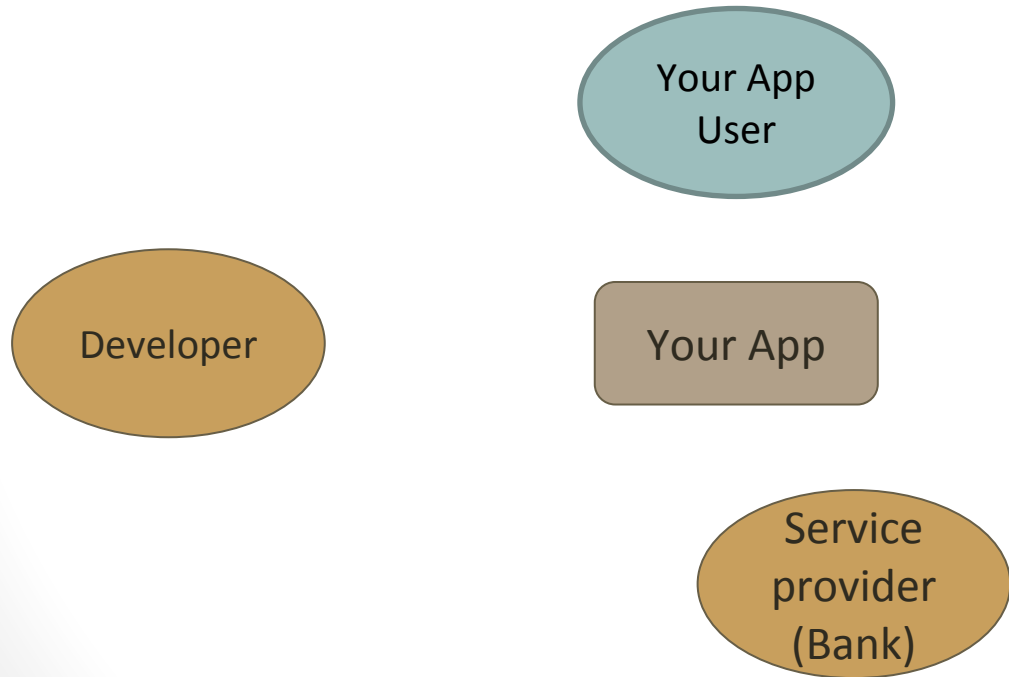
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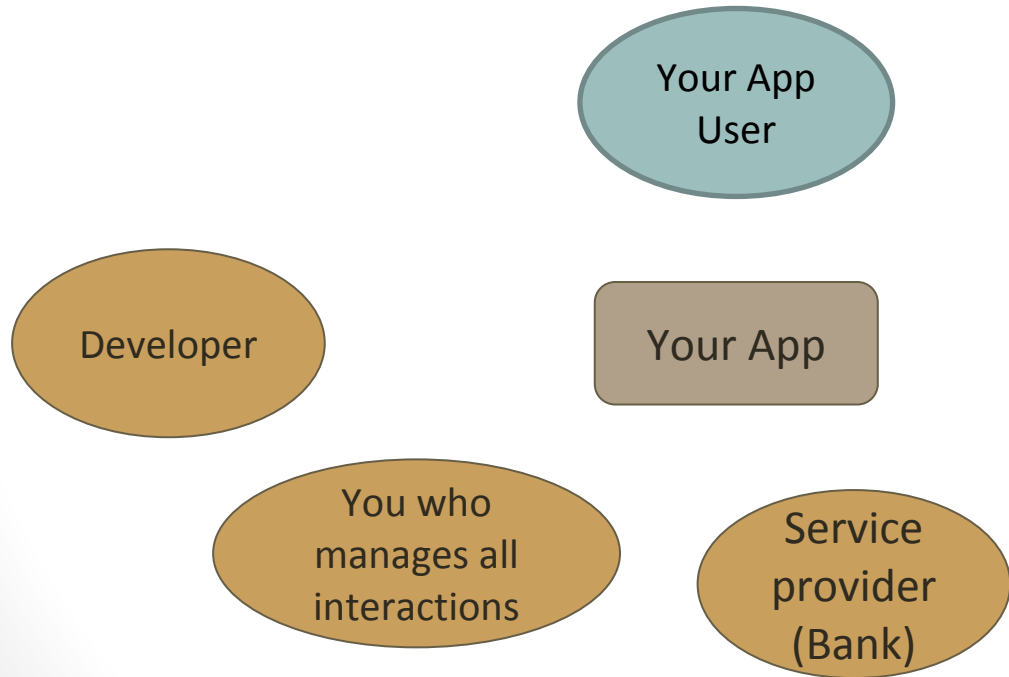
Building a payment application



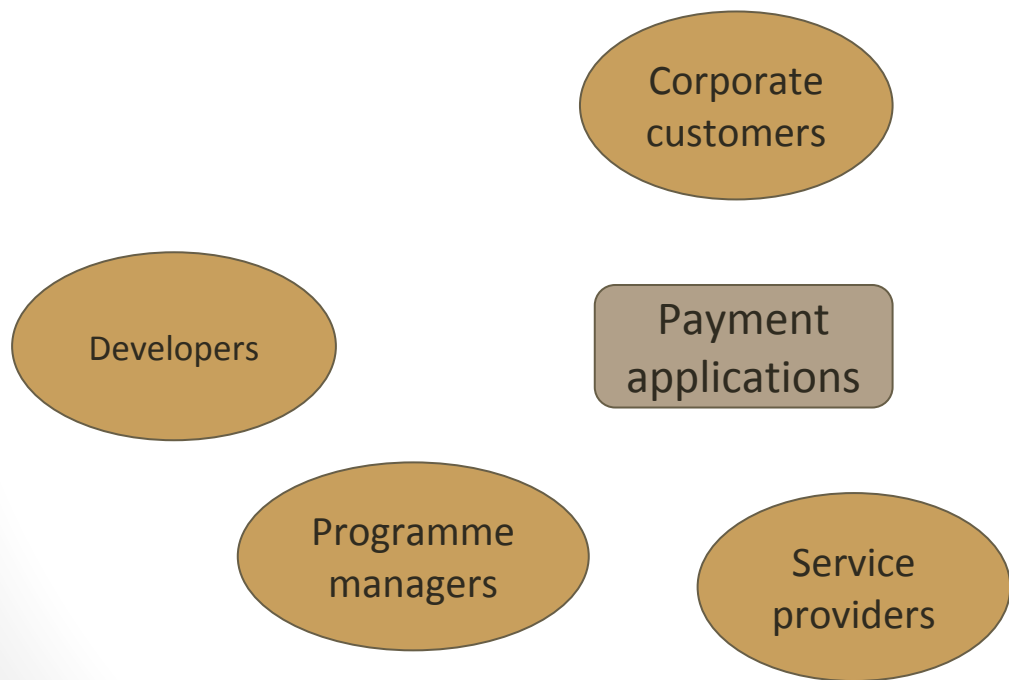
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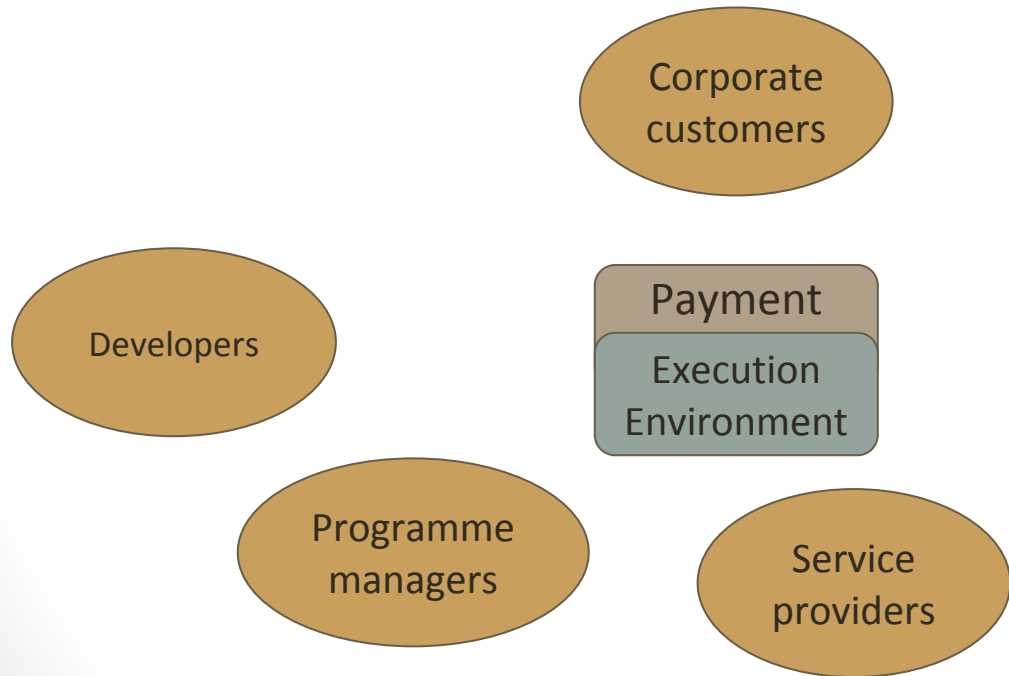
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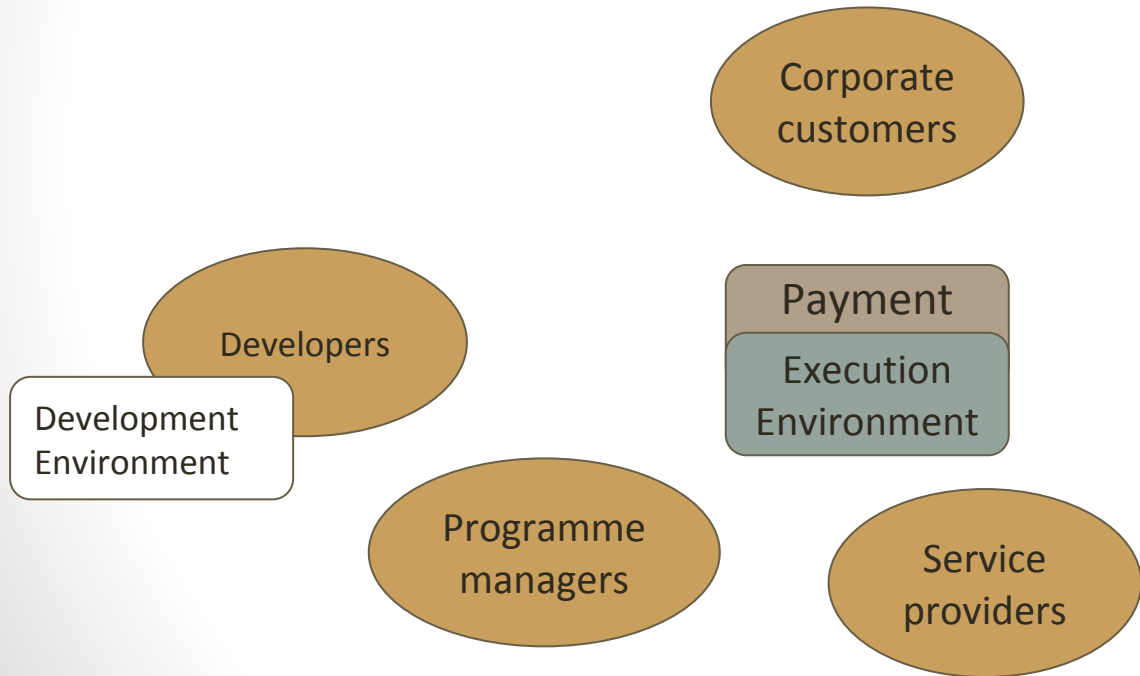
Open Payments Ecosystem



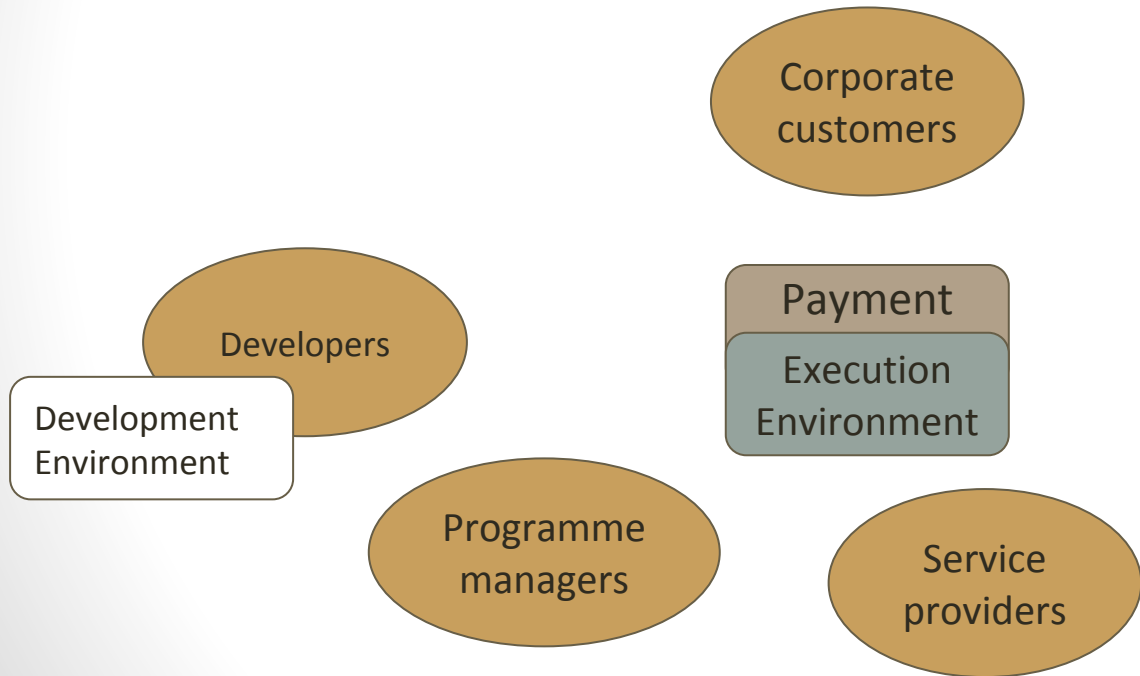
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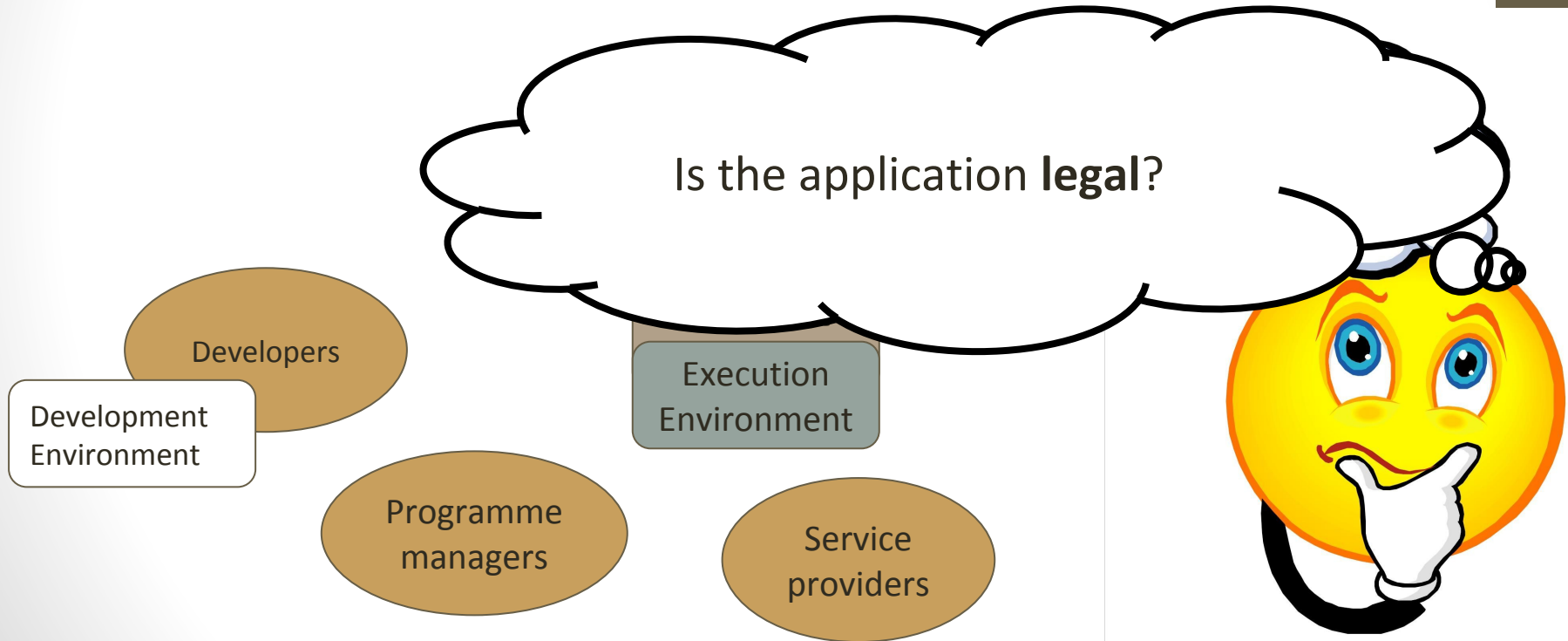
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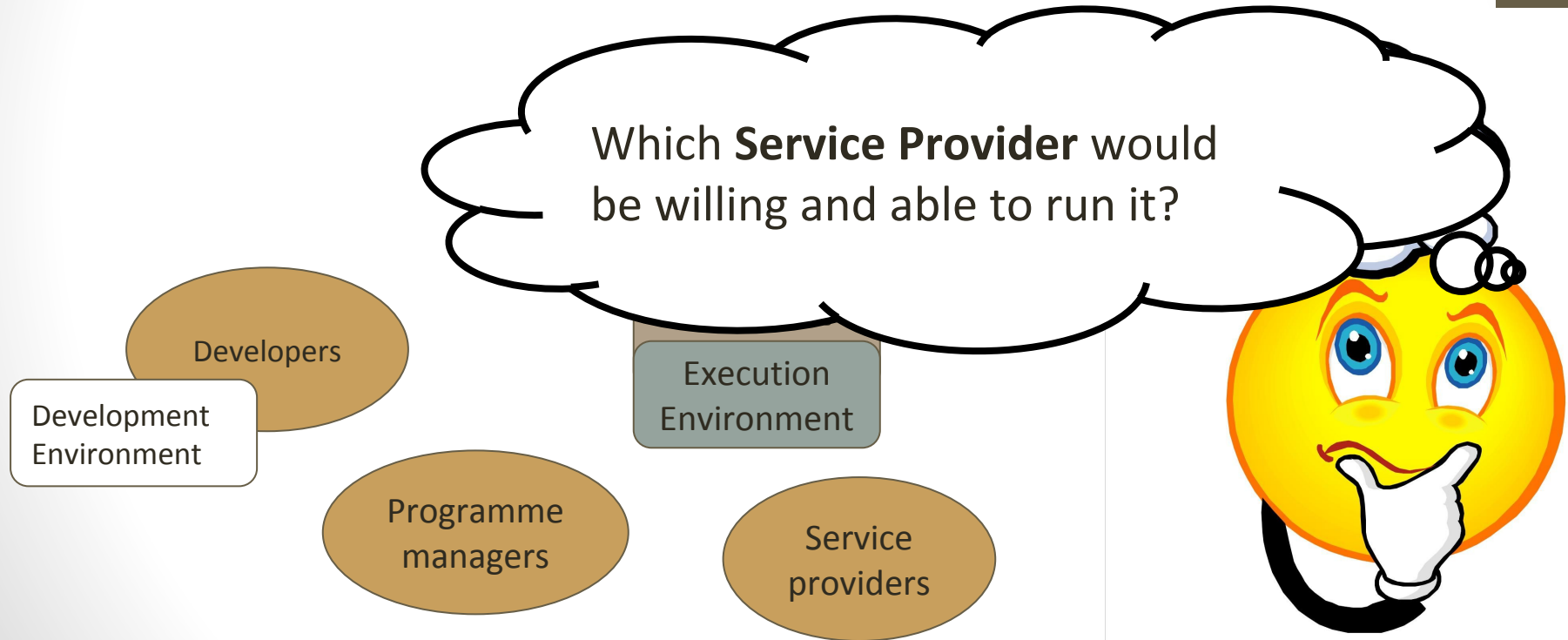
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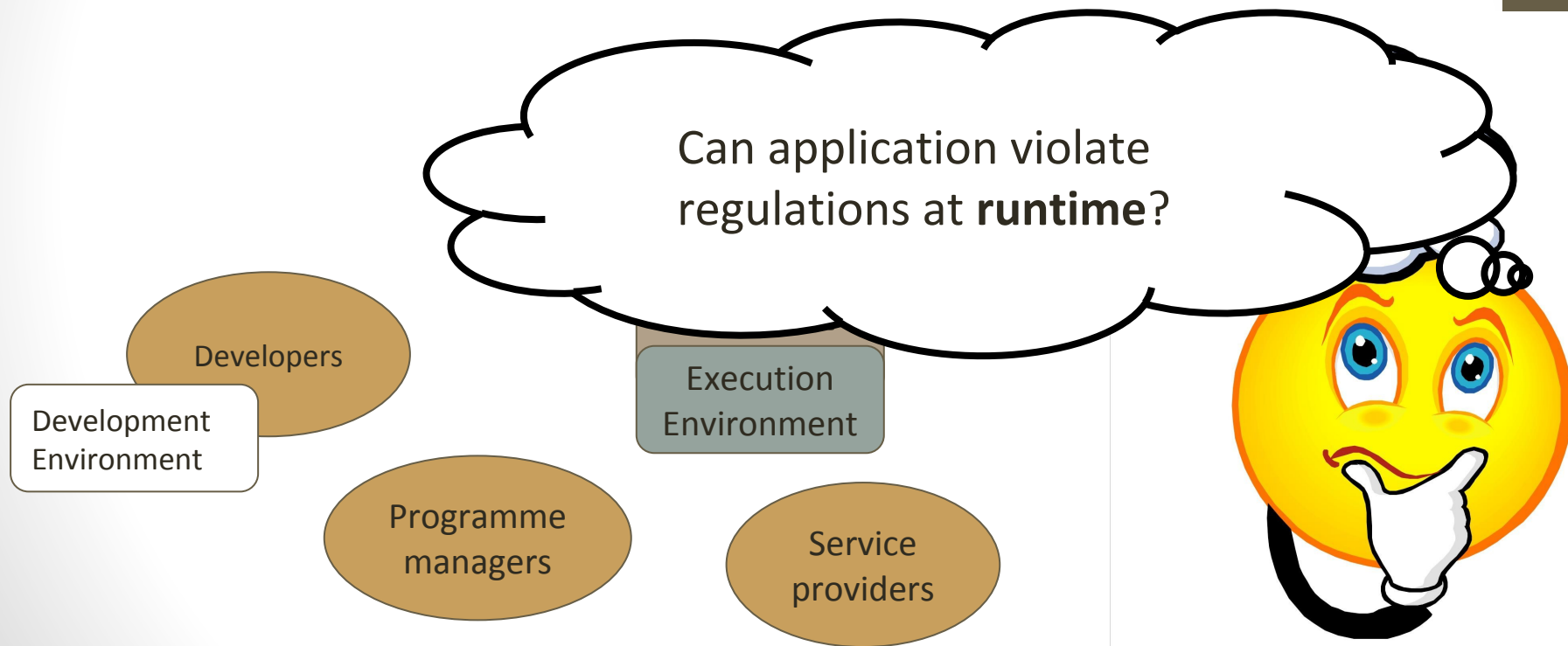
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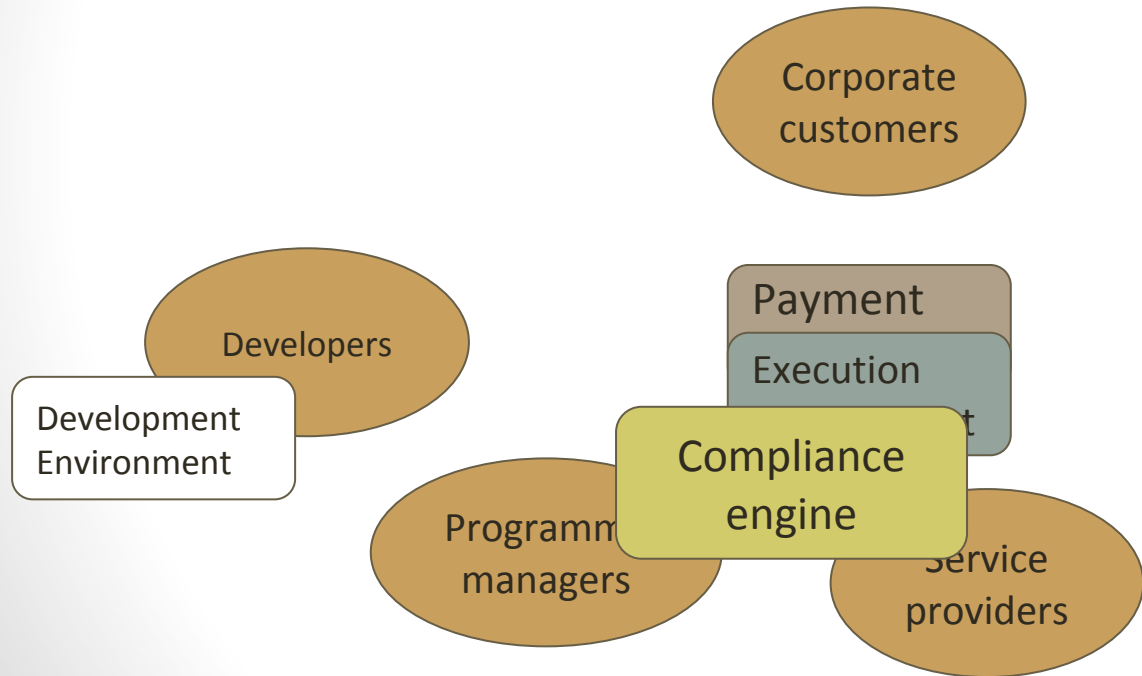
Open Payments Ecosystem



Open Payments Ecosystem



Open Payments Ecosystem + Compliance



Compliance

1. Checking compliance to regulations

Is the application **legal**?



Compliance

1. Checking compliance to regulations
2. Matching service provider capabilities

Which **Service Provider** would be willing and able to run it?



Compliance

Can application violate regulations at **runtime**?



1. Checking compliance to regulations
2. Matching service provider capabilities
3. Limiting risk for service providers

Example

UK e-money regulations state that funds on financial instruments should be redeemable at par value.

Example

1. Is the jurisdiction the UK?

1. Compliance to regulations
2. Capability matching
3. Risk mitigation

UK e-money regulations state that funds on financial instruments should be redeemable at par value.

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1. Does the application fall under the definition of e-money?

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1. Are funds redeemable through the application?

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1. Is correct value given to the user

Example

2. Can service provider support e-money applications?

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UK e-money regulations state that funds on financial instruments should be redeemable at par value.

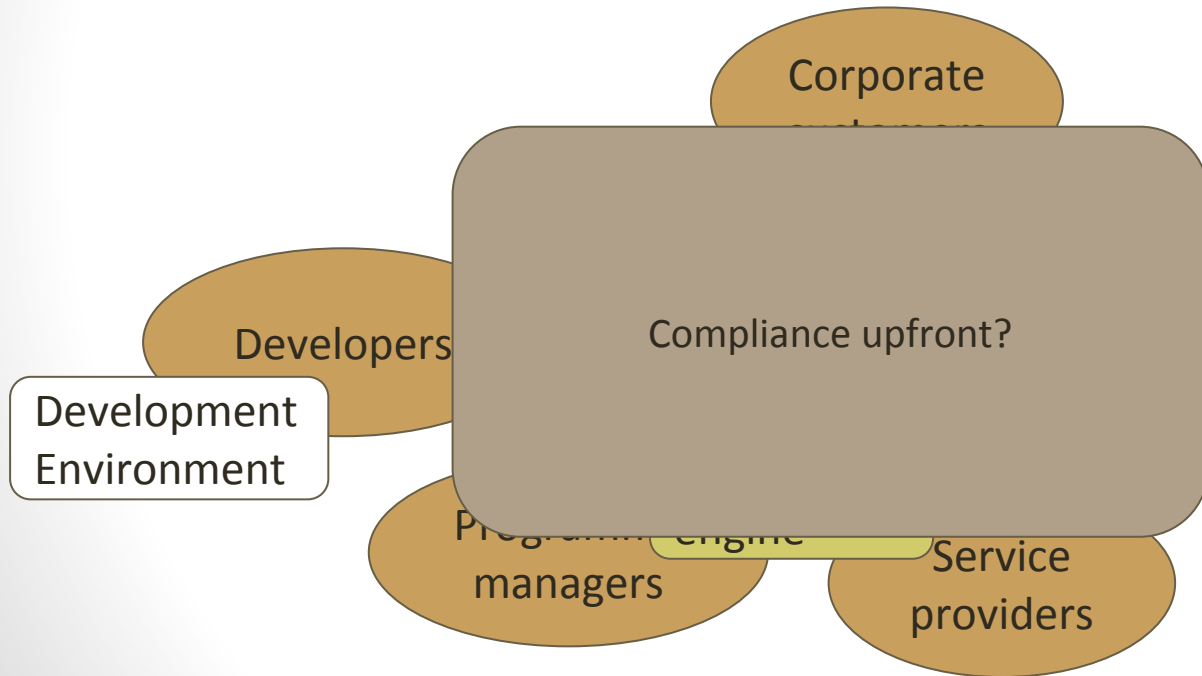
Example

1. Compliance to regulations
2. Capability matching
3. Risk mitigation

UK e-money regulations state that funds on financial instruments should be redeemable at par value.

3. How much money is allowed on instruments?

Open Payments Ecosystem + Compliance



Compliance Challenges

- Not all properties are checkable upfront

Implication: SA not enough

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Implication: We have to verify model adherence at runtime

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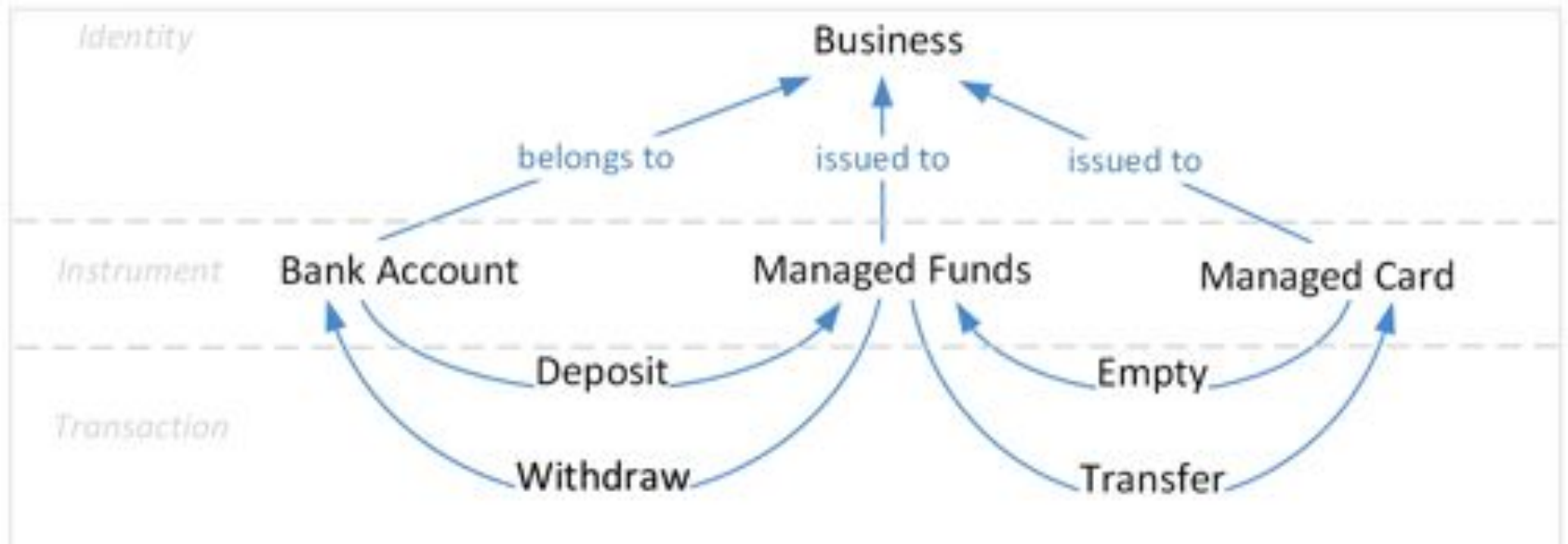
- Understanding the domain

- Frequent legislation changes
- Academics will not remain involved

Implication: We need a common language

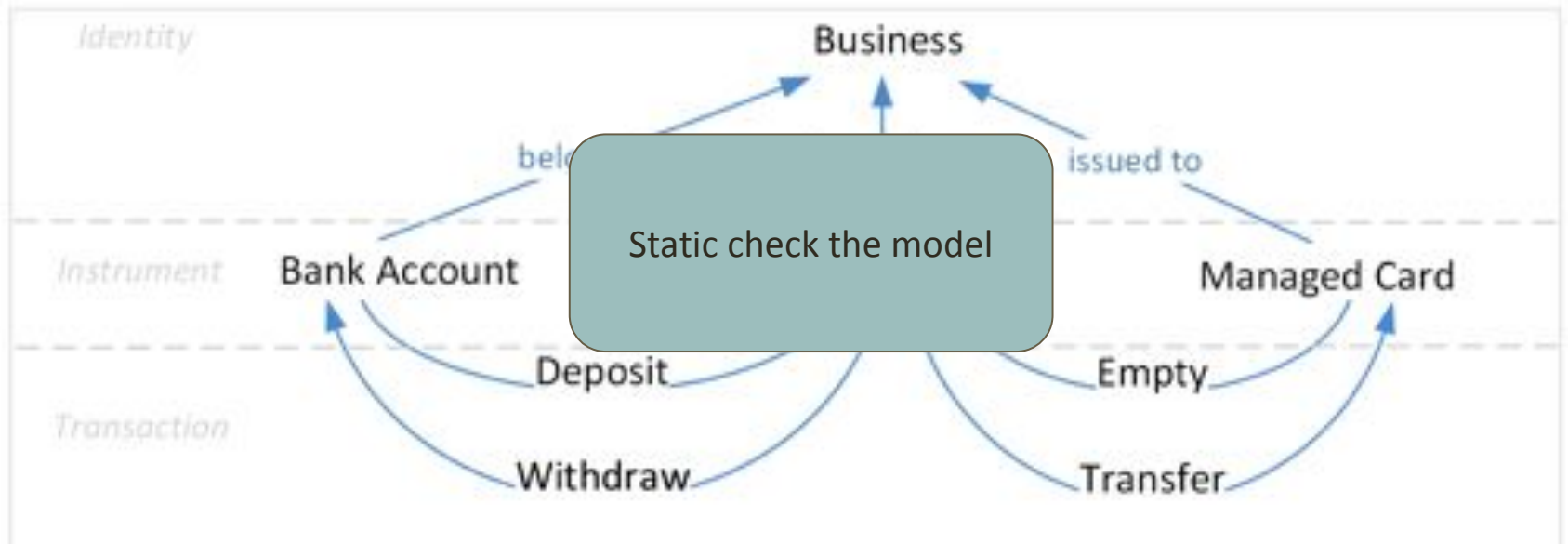
Info Provided by Developer - The Model

Developer submits model of application rather than implementation

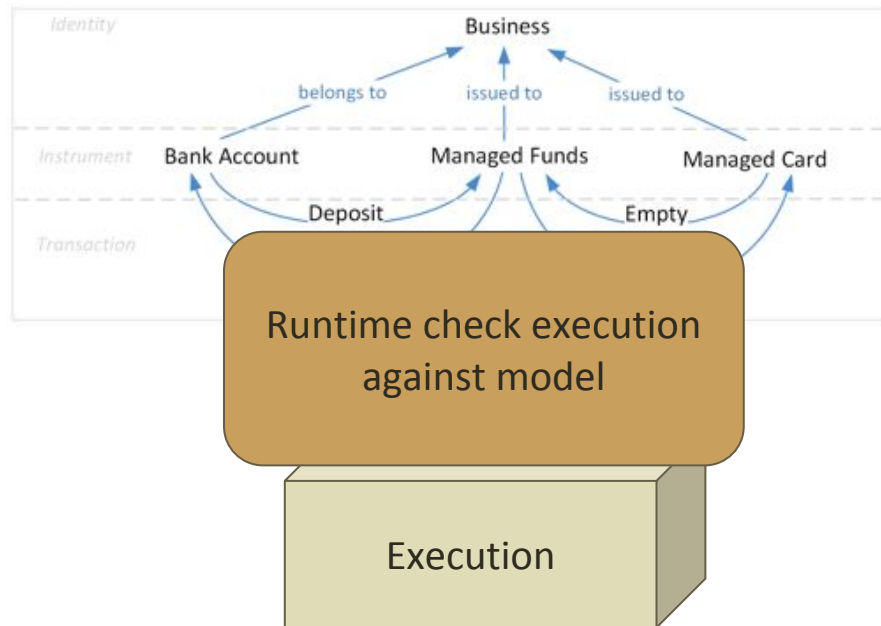


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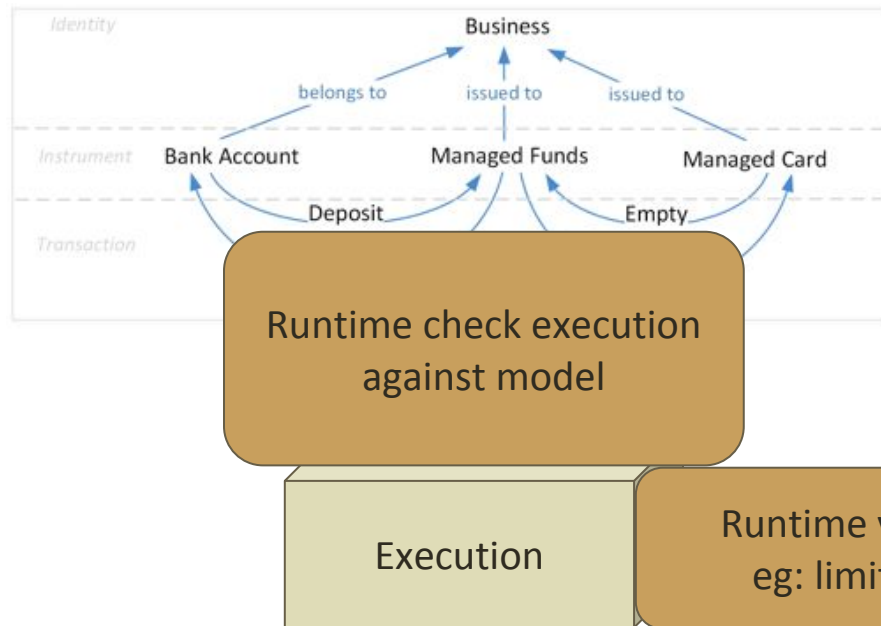
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Application Execution



Application Execution



Example

1. Is the jurisdiction the UK?

2. Can service provider support e-money applications?

1. Does the application fall under the definition of e-money?

1. Are funds redeemable through the application?

Static check the model

UK e-money regulation
should be redee

financial instruments

Example

Runtime check
implementation against
model

UK e-money regulations state that funds on financial instruments should be redeemed if the instrument is not used within a specified period.

1. Does the application fall under the definition of e-money?

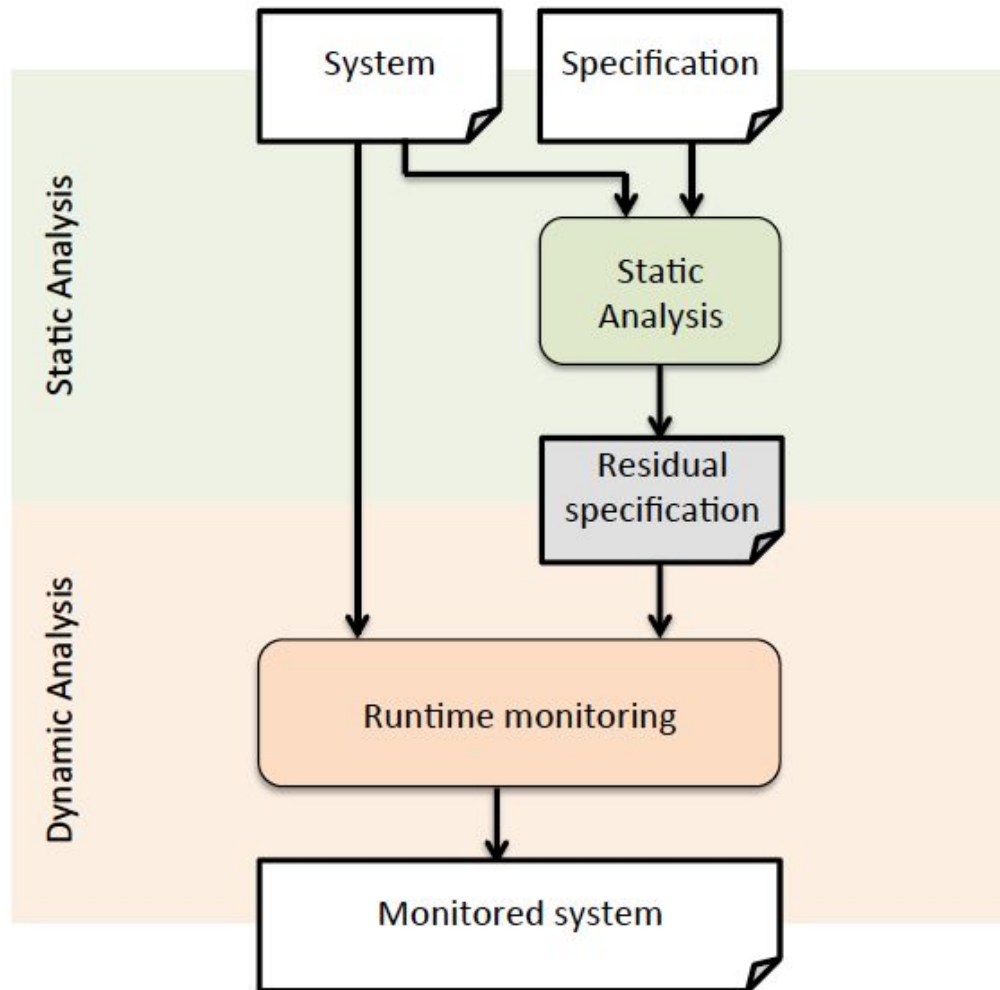
Example

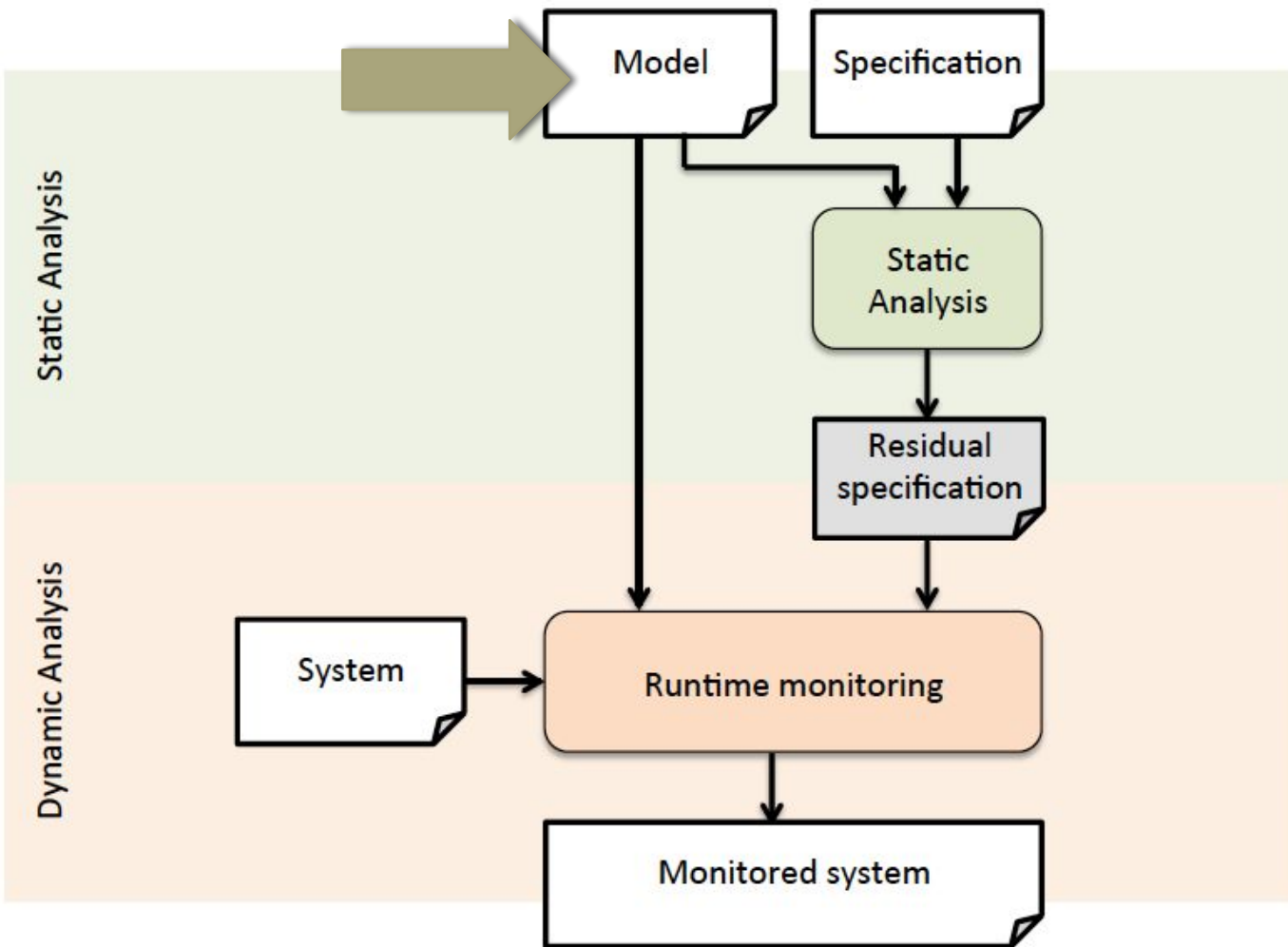
Runtime verify remaining checks,
eg: limits, at par value, delays

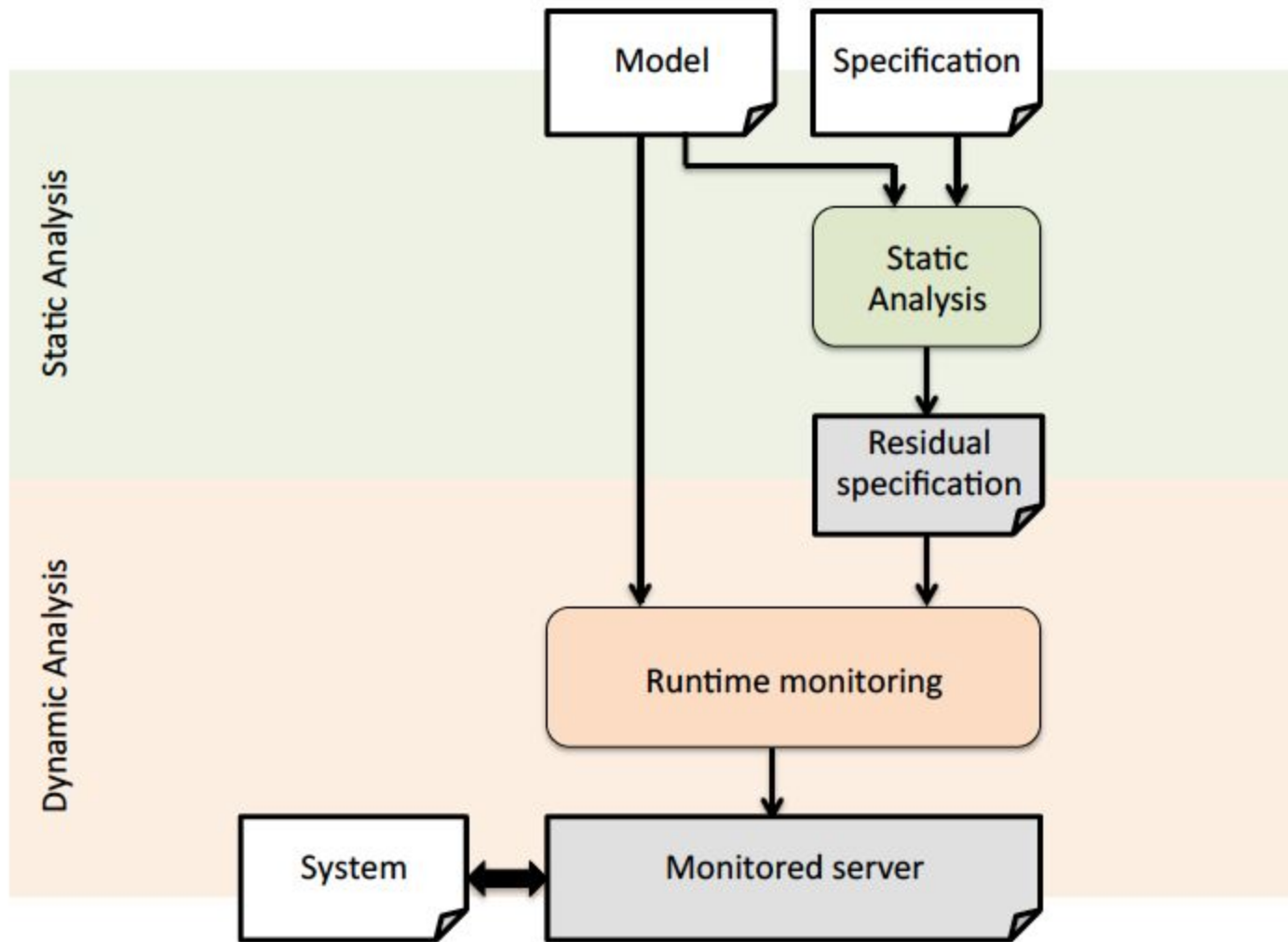
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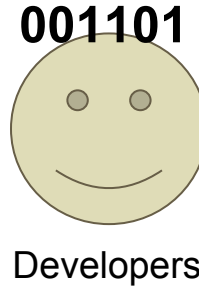
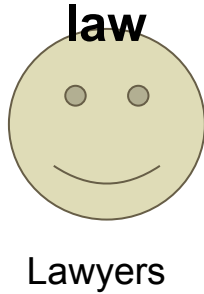
3. How much money is allowed on instruments?







Understanding the domain



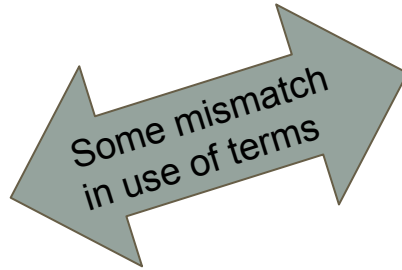
Understanding the domain



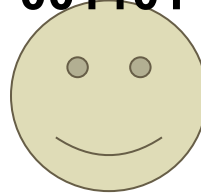
law

Lawyers

Know the domain
Know the laws
Non-technical



001101



Developers

Know the domain
Know the scope of the system

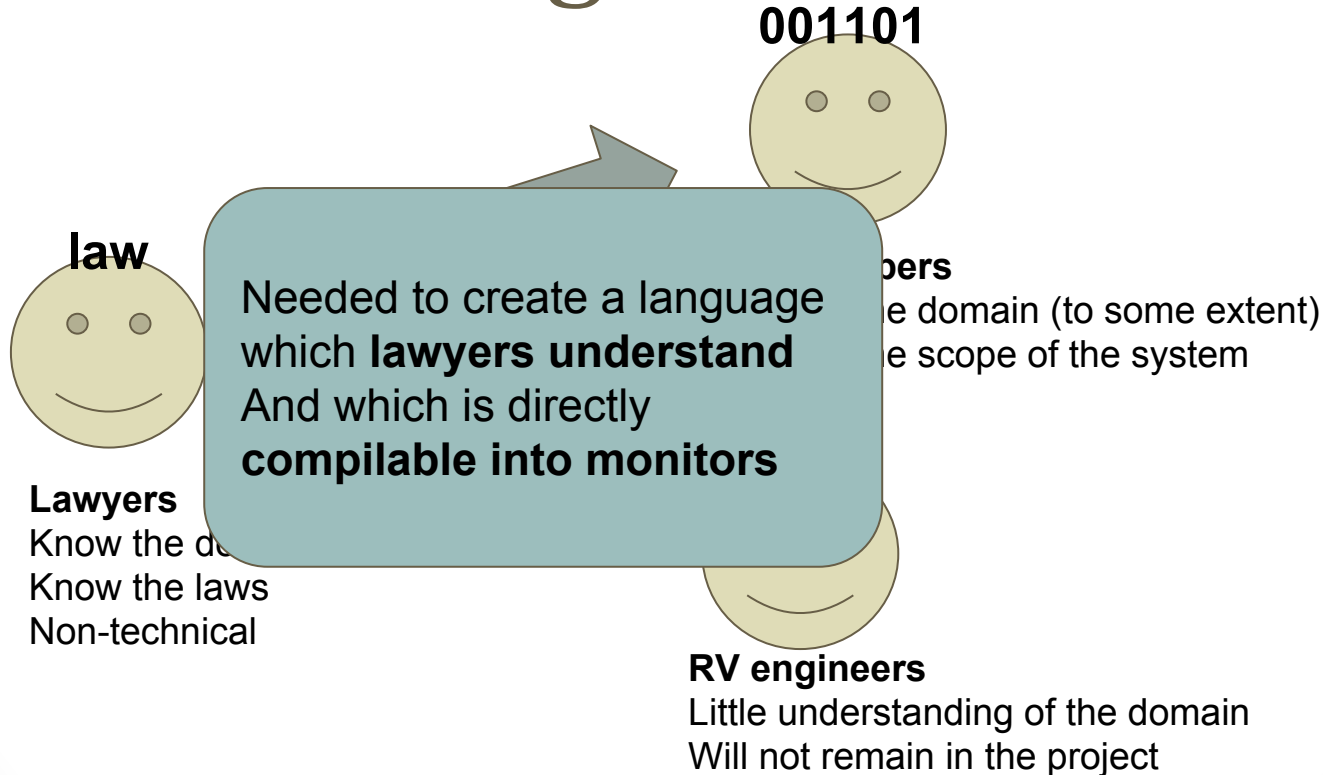
$\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\dots$



RV engineers

Little understanding of the domain
Will not remain in the project

Understanding the domain



Example - Controlled Natural Language

LAW: An electronic money issuer must not award (a) interest in respect of the holding of electronic money; or (b) any other benefit related to the length of time during which an electronic money holder holds electronic money.

CNL: For each programme p , and instrument i , where p is regulated in the UK, and i deals with e-money, then i does not give time-based rewards.

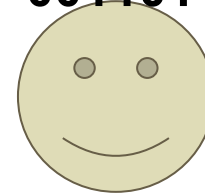
αβγδ...



RV engineers

Required **events** and
parameters

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Developers

αβγδ...



RV engineers

Updated system code

001101



Developers

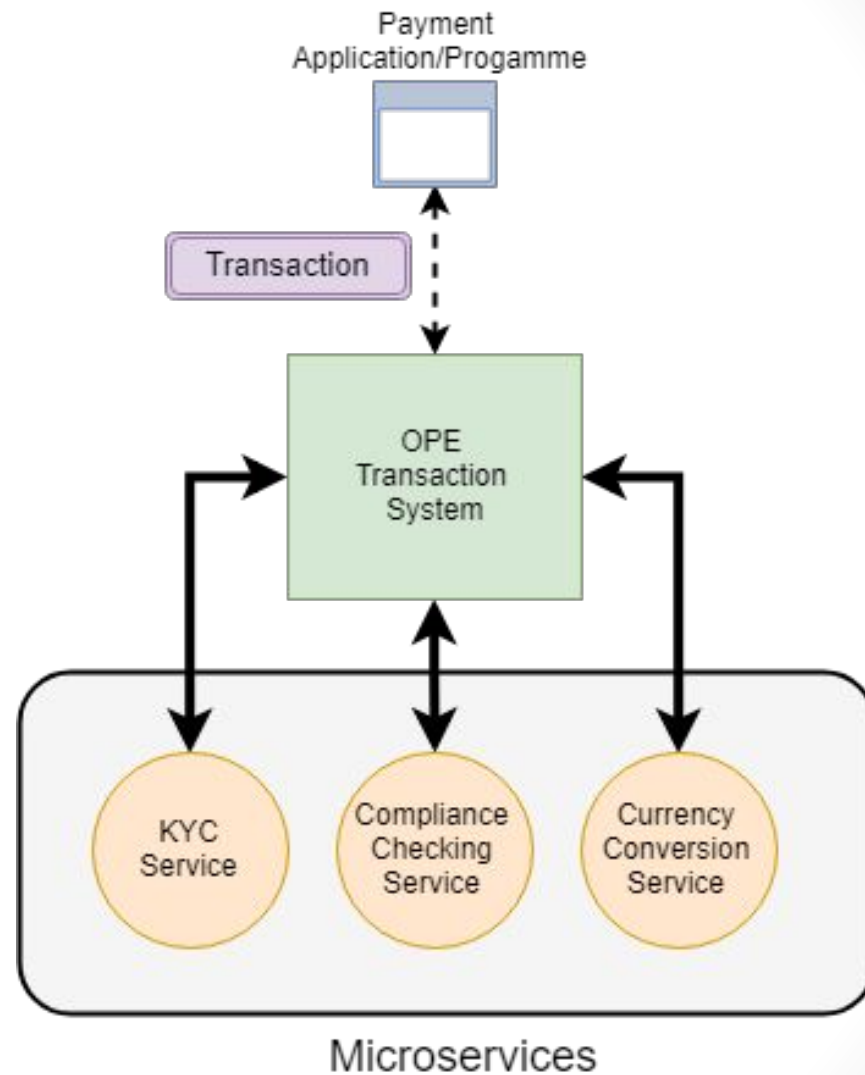
Monitoring code to deploy
Generated through **Valour**

Now for Valour..

Now for Valour..

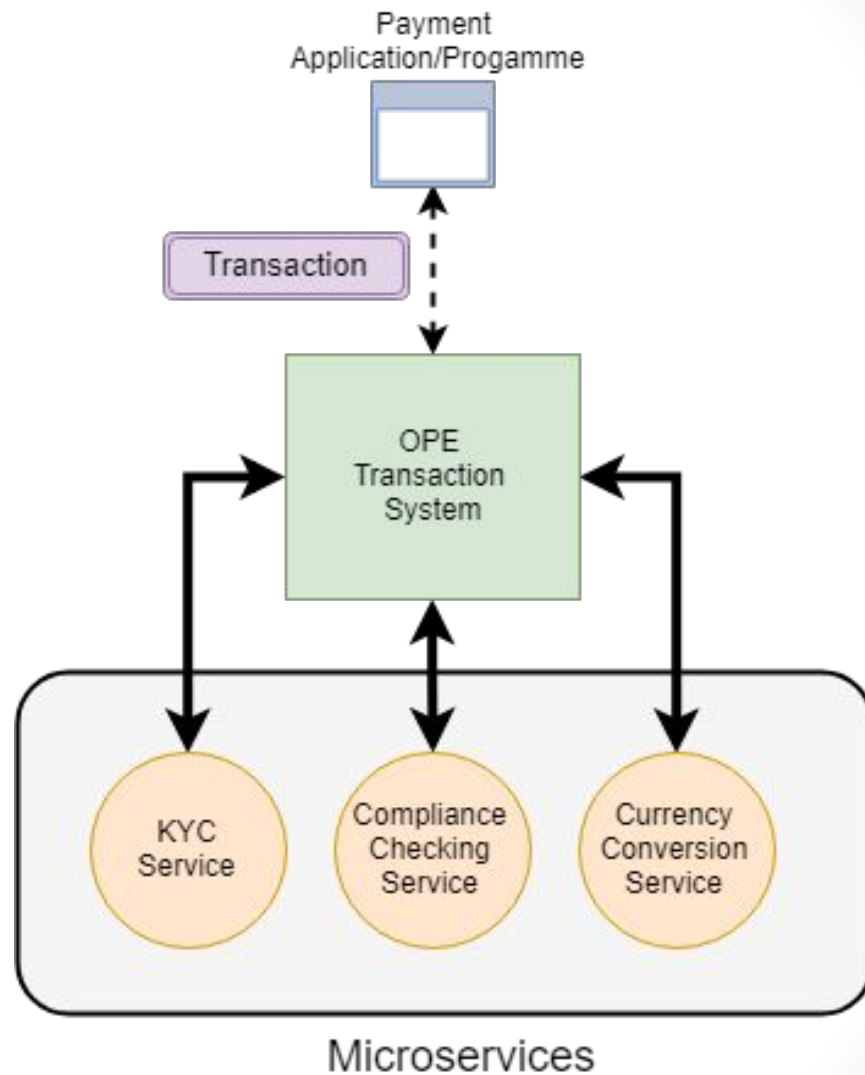
- We designed *Valour* in this project to perform the RV part of the compliance checking.
- But it was developed in a domain- and technology-agnostic manner, allowing for different plug-ins from different systems and with rules as guarded command triples.

Integration with OPE

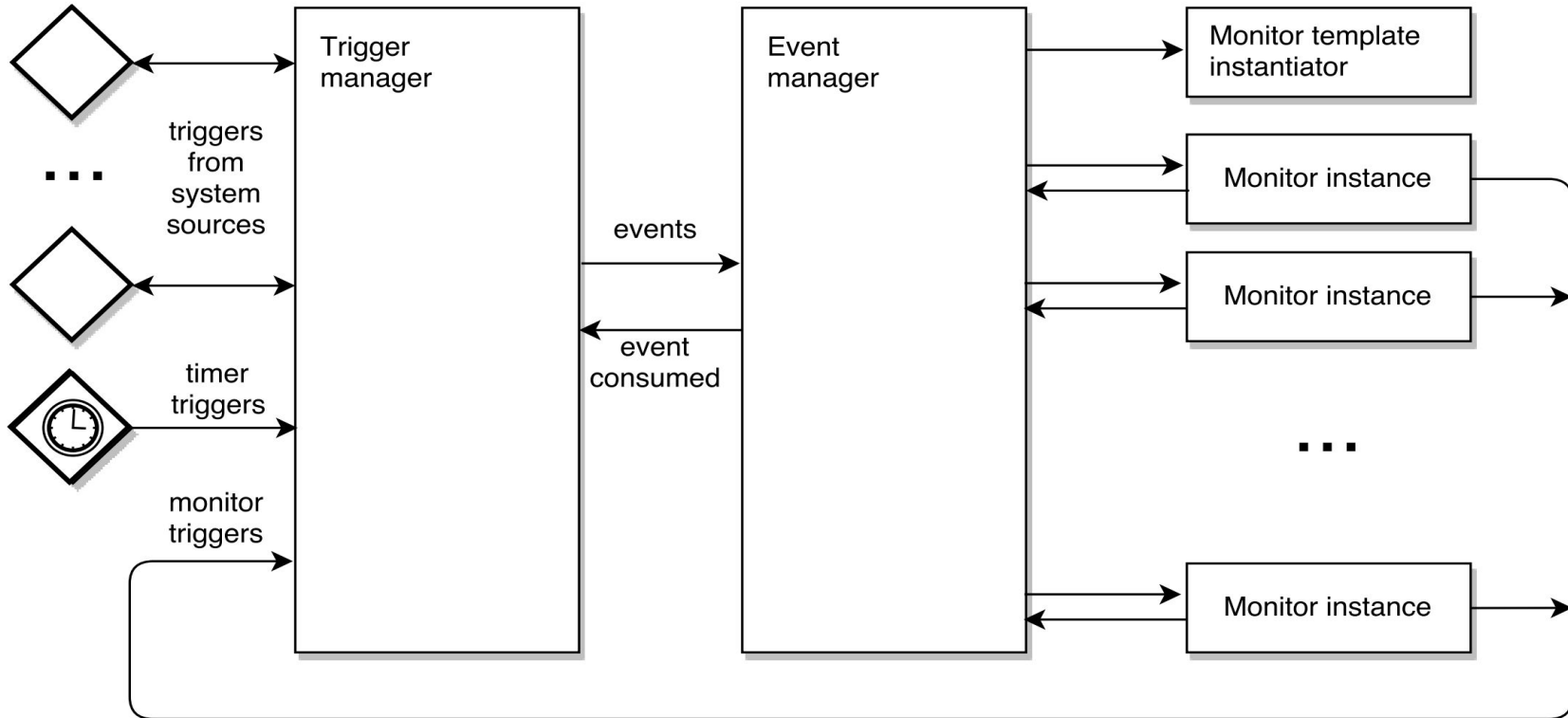


Integration with OPE

- *Spring* framework to organise monitoring system
- *Jooq* to log events and verdicts, as supporting documentation of legal compliance



Architecture



A little Valour Notation

- **Categories:** allowing us to define a certain typestate, identified by an index, e.g:

category TRANSACTION indexed by Long

A little Valour Notation

- **Events:** Activated upon a trigger, with some associated data, satisfying some condition (see ***when***), and possibly belonging to a certain category e.g.:

```
event startOfPayment(ComplianceTriggerData d) = {  
    external trigger StartOfTransaction generates ComplianceData d  
    when {{d.payment}}  
    belonging to TRANSACTION with index {d.txId}  
}
```

A little Valour Notation

- **Conditions:** Re-usable condition functions:

```
condition isProgrammeRegulatedInTheUK(String programmeCountry) = {  
    "UK".equals(programmeCountry)  
}
```

A little Valour Notation

- **Guarded Command Monitors:** activated upon an event, dependent on a condition holding, and activates some action, e.g.:

```
startOfNonExemptTransaction(d)
```

```
  | {d.srcCreditCard &&
```

```
    #isProgrammeRegulatedInTheUK(d.programme.country)}
```

```
  -> { if(d.fee > (d.txAmountInEuro * 0.003)) {
```

```
    error()
```

```
  }
```

```
    else {
```

```
      ok()
```

```
    }
```

```
  }
```

A little Valour Notation

- **Replicated State Monitors:** Guarded command monitors with state replicated for each object of a category.

```
replicate {  
    LocalDateTime startTime = {null}  
    LocalDateTime endTime = {null}  
}  
foreach TRANSACTION t {  
    <rules>  
}
```

Demo

- OPE is still in production (and Valour too).
- We can however mock OPE transactions using Mockito.
- Let's see some examples!

Overheads

- The memory-intensity of rules and the amount of rules affect overheads
- But the overheads here do not come only from RV.

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- The memory-intensity of rules and the amount of rules affect overheads
- But the overheads here do not come only from RV.
- The architecture chosen for the OPE, i.e. a microservice architecture, will create some communication overheads to send the transaction and by monitoring to send back the result.

Overhead Management

- Our solution: **We will only have synchronicity for a predefined period of time** (in milliseconds, to be decided). After this, **compliance checking continues asynchronously**.
- Violations found asynchronously then block future events, until handled by OPE administrator.

Event (Mis)Ordering

- The OPE and our compliance checking may be on different servers, and thus events may not arrive in the same order they were sent,

Event (Mis)Ordering

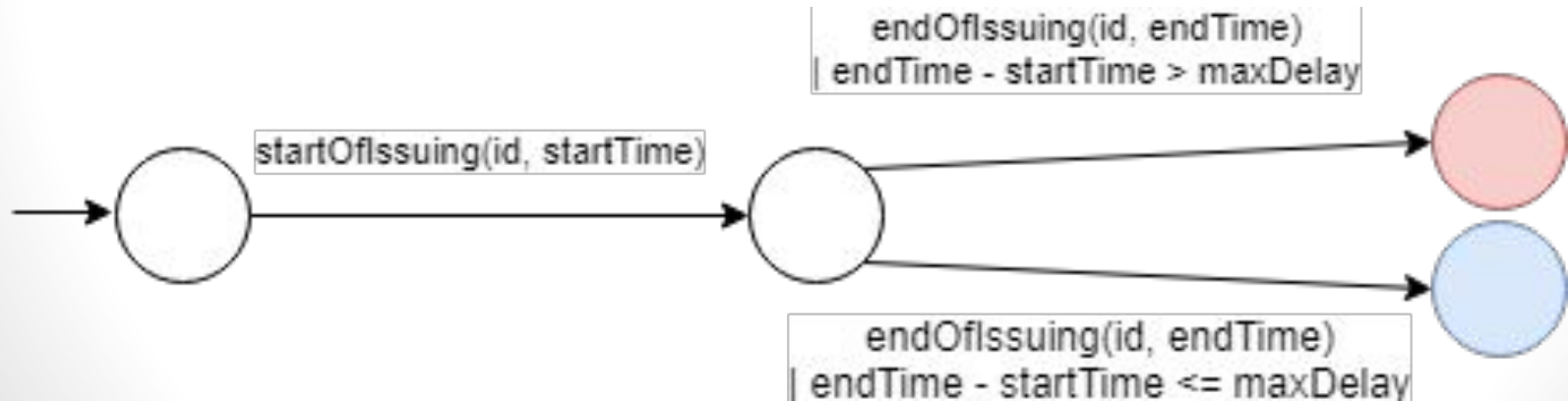
- The OPE and our compliance checking may be on different servers, and thus events may not arrive in the same order they were sent,
- e.g. an end of transaction event may arrive before the start of transaction event.

Event (Mis)Ordering Example

- **For each instrument i and programme p , where i is an instrument of p and p is regulated in the UK, then** e-money in i is issued is less than the maximum issuing delay.

Event (Mis)Ordering Example

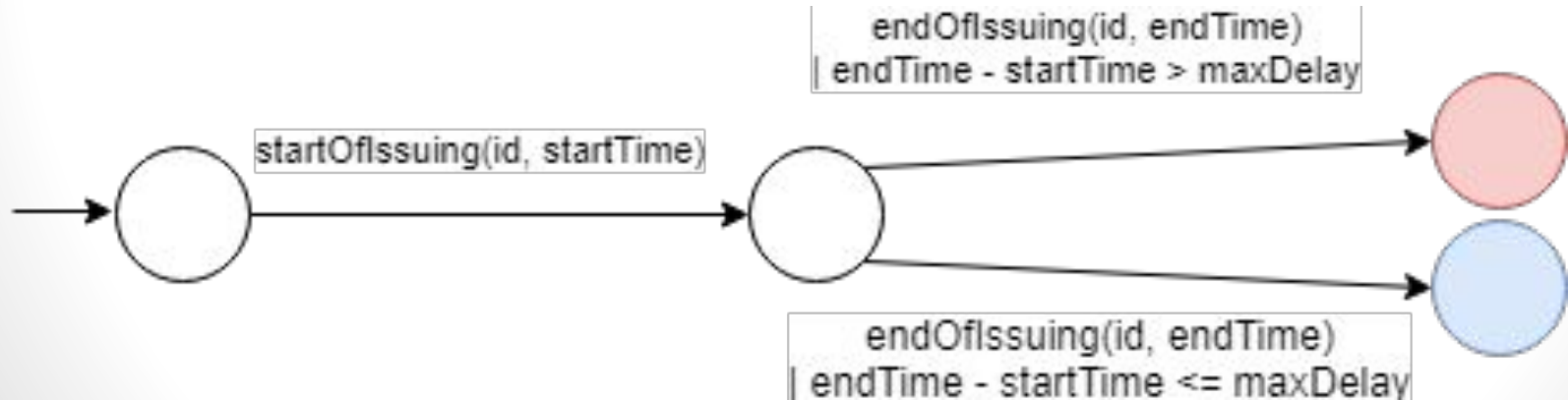
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Event (Mis)Ordering Example

Traces:

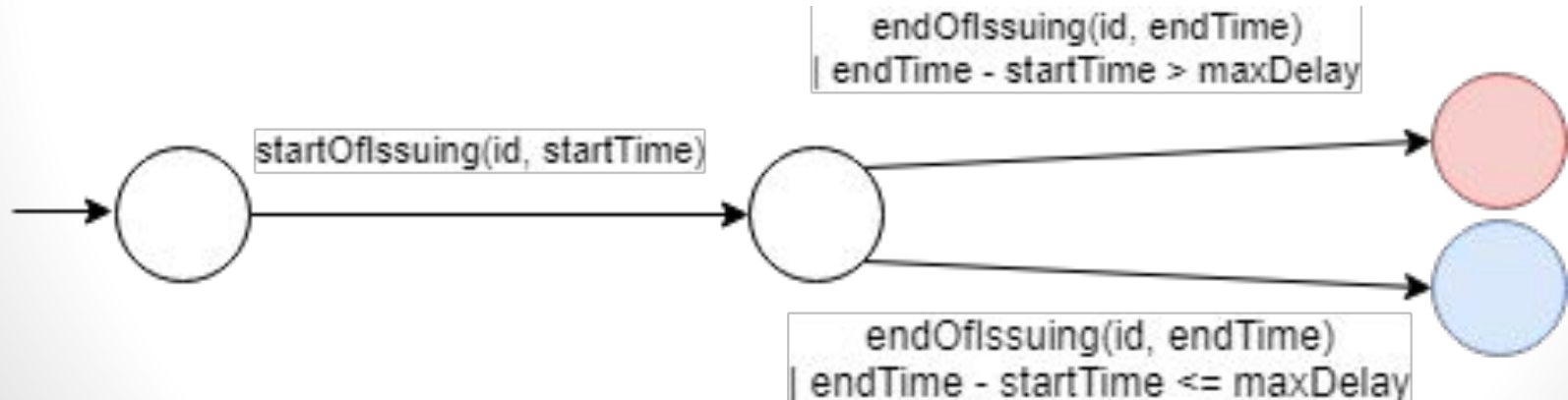
- `startOfIssuing(1, 6:00) ; endOfIssuing(1, 6:05)` --> *Violation*



Event (Mis)Ordering Example

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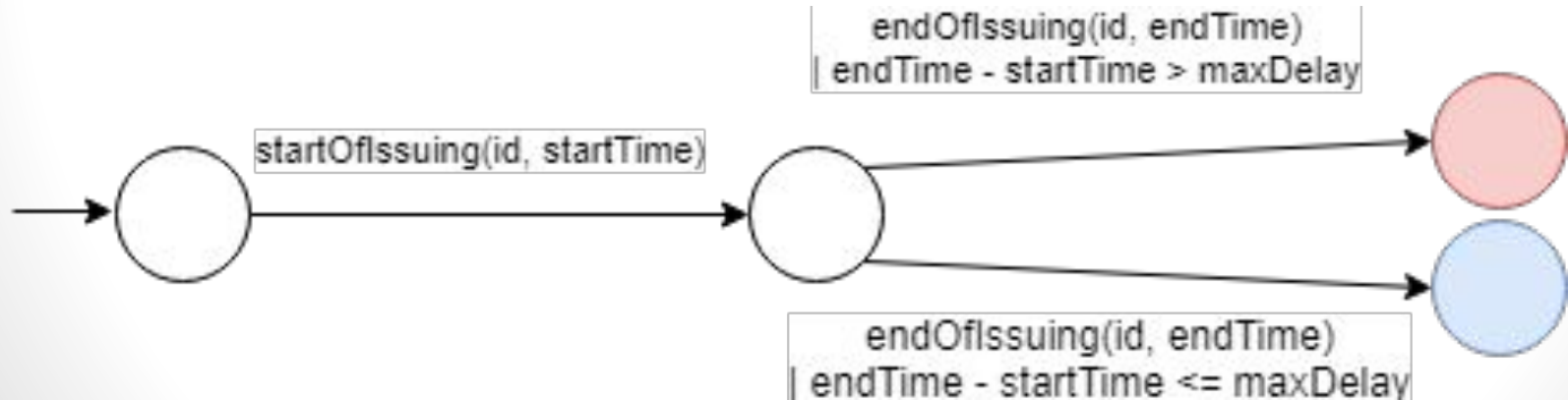
- `startOfIssuing(1, 6:00) ; endOfIssuing(1, 6:05)` --> *Violation*
- `endOfIssuing(1, 6:05) ; startOfIssuing(1, 6:00)` --> *Satisfaction*



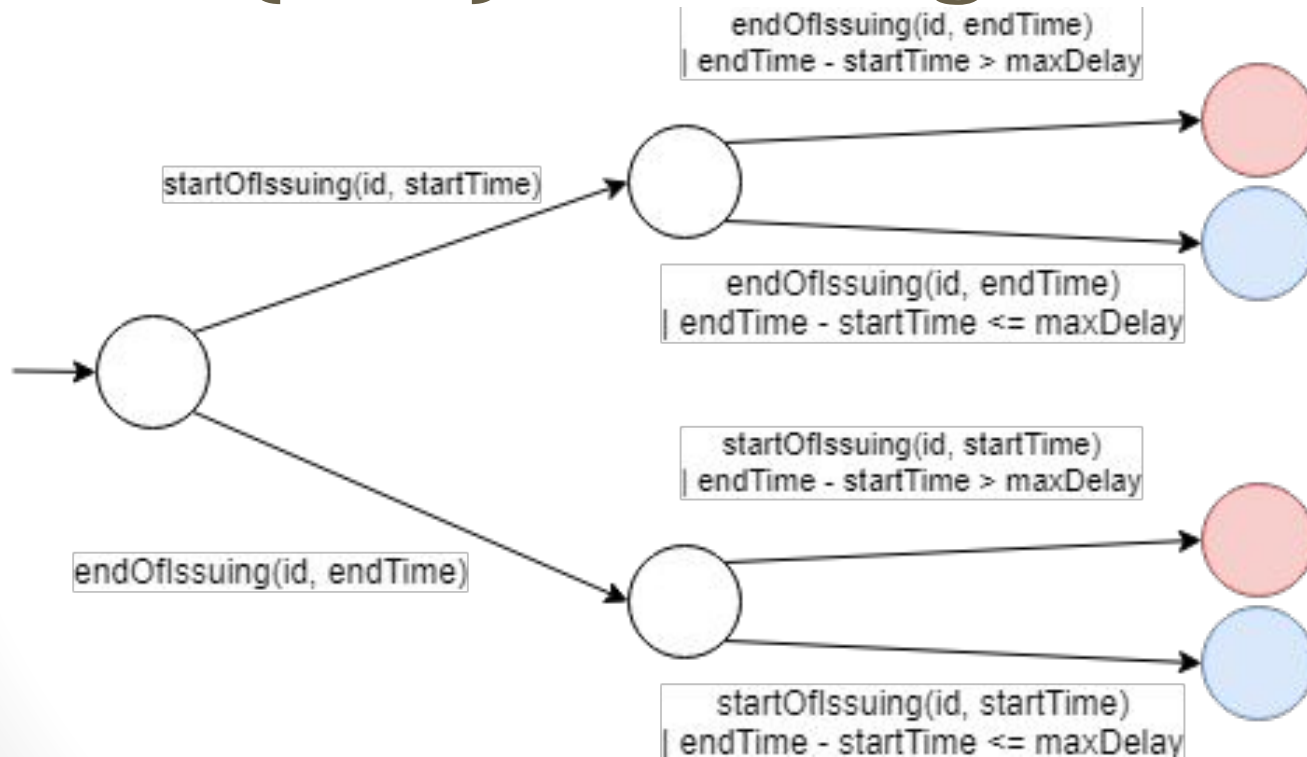
Event (Mis)Ordering Example

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Event (Mis)Ordering Example



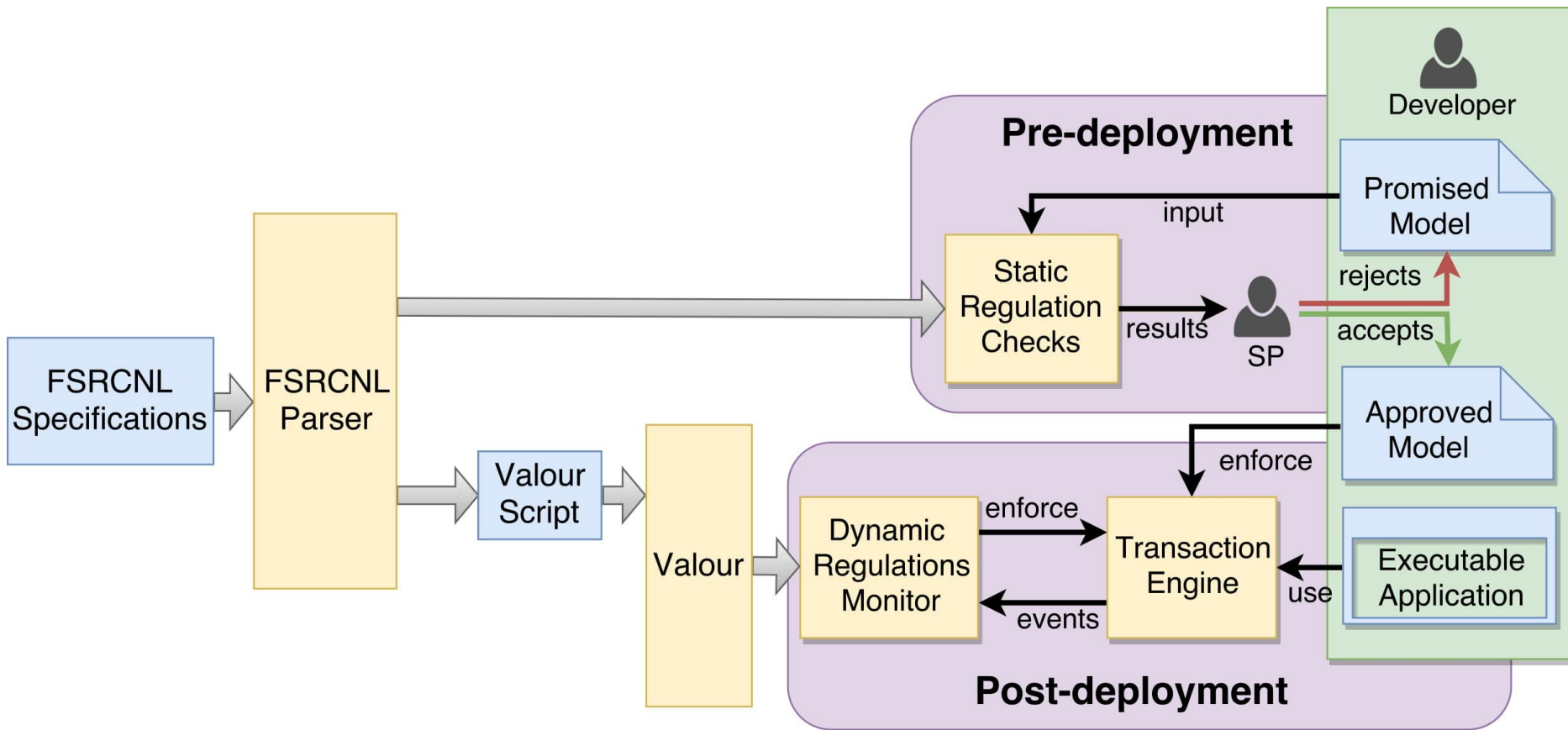
Conclusions

- We have motivated and presented an RV tool, Valour, used in the context of technology-agnostic compliance checking.

Latest version on: <https://github.com/shaunazzopardi/valour>

- What we learnt:
 - Payments industry cares more about performance than compliance (varies with risk);
 - Natural Languages > Logical languages;
 - Simple rules/specifications;
 - Assumption that events will always arrive in the correct order is not always true.

Appendix



A Little Valour Notation (1)

```
state {  
  Integer userCount = { 0 }  
} in {  
  userLogin(u) | { u.isGoldUser() } -> { userCount++; }  
  userLogin(u) | { u.isNormalUser() && userCount < 100 } -> { userCount++; }  
  userLogin(u) | { u.isNormalUser() && userCount >= 100 }  
    -> { generateAlarm("User saturation level exceeded"); }  
  ...  
}
```

A Little Valour Notation (2)

```
replicate {  
    BigDecimal ownTransactionsTotal = { 0 }  
} foreach USER u {  
    transfer(src, dst, value)  
    | { dst.owner() == u }  
    -> { ownTransactionsTotal += value; }  
}
```