#### Extracting Runtime Monitors from Tests: An Introduction

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## Why generate monitors from tests?

- Monitors can provide extra assurance at runtime
- Industry already invests a lot in testing (but little in runtime verification)
- Creating monitors after creating tests feels repetitive/waste





## Verification – A language problem



![](_page_2_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_2_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Testing

![](_page_3_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### **Runtime verification**

![](_page_4_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Testing

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_2.jpeg)

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#### **Runtime verification**

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

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## Generating runtime verifiers from tests

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Why is it difficult?

All behaviours

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

Typical language inference challenges:

- Few examples
- Usually no negative tace examples

![](_page_8_Figure_6.jpeg)

### Why not use test assertions directly?

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**Xjenza** 

## Test assertions are typically very specific

@Test

public void testWithdraw() {

Account a = new Account();

a.setBalance(100);

a.withdraw(60);

assertEquals(a.getBalance(),40);

![](_page_10_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_9.jpeg)

## Idealistic test assertions

@Test

public void testWithdraw() {

initialBalance = 100;

withdrawAmount = 60;

Account a = new Account();

a.setBalance(initialBalance);

a.withdraw(withdrawAmount);

assertEquals(a.getBalance(),initialBalance-withdrawAmount);

![](_page_11_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_11.jpeg)

## What if you insist on using assertions?

- There might be other hidden assumptions:
  - Assumptions on the global state (shared data structures, files, etc)
  - Assumptions on the control/data flow leading up to the assertion (test setup, method call sequence in test, etc)

![](_page_12_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_6.jpeg)

## Related approaches

Tests are generated and checked automatically using a model, e.g. automata with pre & post conditions

Testing to more "generalised" testing

- 1. EUnit  $\rightarrow$  QuickCheck (Thomas Arts et al.)
- 2. Gherkin  $\rightarrow$  QuickCheck (Christian Colombo et al.)

#### Model-based testing to RV

3. QuickCheck  $\rightarrow$  Larva (Gordon Pace and Kevin Falzon)

Testing to Regression testing/Debugging

4. Invariant detection with Daikon (Pastore et al.)

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## 1. EUnit $\rightarrow$ QuickCheck

- Generates QuickCheck automaton from sequences of method calls
- Uses algorithm to learn automata
- Uses learned automaton to improve testsuite

![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_6.jpeg)

### Points to consider

- Assumes the availability of negative traces
  - Not usually present in testsuites
- Suitable for testing, probably also for RV if negative traces are available

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![](_page_15_Picture_6.jpeg)

## 2. Gherkin $\rightarrow$ QuickCheck

 Similar to previous but state identification is easier as more explicit in Gherkin tests

![](_page_16_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_4.jpeg)

Scenario: Model definition for myHealth - Doctors Section

Given I am on the "start state" When I "login as a doctor" Then I should go to the "doctors landing page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Appointments" Then I should go to the "appointments page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Case Summaries" Then I should go to the "case summaries page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Laboratory Results" Then I should go to the "lab results page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Medical Image Reports" Then I should go to the "medical image reports page"

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Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Medical Image Reports" Then I should go to the "medical image reports page" States

Scenario: Model definition for myHealth - Doctors Section

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

Actions

States

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Laboratory Results" Then I should go to the "lab results page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Medical Image Reports" Then I should go to the "medical image reports page"

Given I am on the "doctors landing page" When I "click on Laboratory Results" Then I should go to the "lab results page" Given I am on the "lab results page" When I "search patient data" Post Condition 🛀ab results search result Then an the result should be "Due" when "no data found true" when "ok" and vm Given I am on the "lab results search results page" When I "click on the myHealth logo" Then I should go to the "doctors landing page" **Pre Condition** results search results page and the result is "ok" results" Then I should go to the "view lab results page" Given I am on the "view lab results page" When I "release lab result" Then I should remain on the "view lab results page" Given I am on the "view lab results page" When I "click on go back" Then I should go to the "lab results search results page" ris

## Automatically Generated QC Model

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Points to consider

• The higher the testing level, the more useful for RV

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## 3. QuickCheck $\rightarrow$ Larva

- Translates QC automata into Larva script
- Main challenge is to make sure you match corresponding entry and exit points
  - recursiveMethod() -entry
    - recursiveMethod() -entry
    - recursiveMethod() -exit
  - recursiveMethod() -exit

![](_page_23_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_9.jpeg)

#### Points to consider

- It is easy to go from Model-Based Testing to RV
- Model-Based Testing not very commonplace

![](_page_24_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_5.jpeg)

### 4. Invariant detection with Daikon

- Detect invariants from running testsuite
- Filter out invariants which no longer hold on modified testsuite
- Use model checking to detect invariants which are violated in update

![](_page_25_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_6.jpeg)

### Points to consider

• How can we adapt it to RV?

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## Approach 1: Gherkin $\rightarrow$ QC $\rightarrow$ Larva

- We know how to go from Gherkin to QC
- We know how to go from QC to Larva
- Go from Gherkin to Larva

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![](_page_27_Picture_6.jpeg)

• Daikon – an invariant generation tool

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![](_page_28_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_5.jpeg)

Daikon – an invariant generation tool

![](_page_29_Picture_3.jpeg)

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![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_30_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_4.jpeg)

## Two main challenges

- Make monitors useful
  - Weaken preconditions
  - Tighten postconditions
- Avoid false negatives

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![](_page_33_Picture_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_35_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### A test case improvement problem

![](_page_37_Figure_1.jpeg)

A test case improvement problem

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Challenge – Avoiding false negatives

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Approach 3: Combine testing and RV by design

• Specification of tests and monitors in a single language

(like property-based testing but allowing some properties to be specified by examples)

- If a precise specification is available, generate test cases automatically
- If not, have test cases and specifications specified separately

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Approach 3: Combine testin design

Specification of tests and monitors in a single lar

(like property-based testing but allowing so properties to be specified by examples)

- If a precise specification is available, generate test cases automatically
- If not, have test cases and specifications specified separately

E.g., balance' >= 0

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![](_page_41_Picture_8.jpeg)

E.g., balance'=balance + deposit Automatically generates 200 = 150 + 50 350 = 290 + 60

## Conclusion

- Generating monitors from tests is hard!
- Following presentations:
  - What we learned so far from the case study at Ixaris
  - The next challenge along the way: filtering out unuseful monitors

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