

Tutorial 1

1. Design a linear phase filter, calculating the necessary order using Kaiser's formula, that satisfies the following conditions based on

(a) a single stage structure (b) a two stage multirate structure

Sampling Rate 10,000 Hz Passband $0 \leq F \leq 60$

Transition Band $60 \leq F \leq 65$ Ripple $\delta_1 = 10^{-1}; \delta_2 = 10^{-3}$.

2. Sketch the structure of a system with a rate change of 2.5, that uses an impulse function of 30 coefficients using

(i) direct FIR filter with suitable decimation and interpolation

(ii) a polyphase structure that reduces the number of multiplications.

3. (Proakis and Monolakis 11.11). Consider an arbitrary digital filter with transfer

function
$$H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=+\infty} h(n) z^{-n}$$

(a) Perform a two component polyphase decomposition of $H(z)$ by grouping the even-numbered samples $h_0(n) = h(2n)$ and the odd numbered samples $h_1(n) = h(2n+1)$. Show that $H(z)$ can be expressed as

$$H(z) = H_0(z^2) + z^{-1} H_1(z^2) \text{ and determine } H_0(z) \text{ and } H_1(z).$$

(b) Generalize the result in part (a) by showing that $H(z)$ can be decomposed into a D-component polyphase filter structure with transfer function

$$H(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{D-1} z^{-k} H_k(z^D) \text{ and determine } H_k(z)$$

(c) For the IIR filter with transfer function

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - az^{-1}} \text{ determine } H_0(z) \text{ and } H_1(z) \text{ for}$$

the two component decomposition.

4. Proakis and Monolakis 11 . 1